

JUST GLEANINGS

COUPONS COST MERCHANT \$100

Peter Laklas, Glendon merchant was fined \$100 and costs for violating ration regulations of the Wartime Prices and Trade Board when he was found guilty of accepting 50 meat coupons, 27 butter coupons and one preserves coupon prior to their valid dates.

GLYCERINE FOR ANTI-FREEZE

Munitions Minister Howe announced last week that all chemical control restrictions on the use of glycerine have been removed.

It is understood an adequate quantity of glycerine for war purposes is now available.

The order, which releases glycerine for civilian uses, apply to anti-freeze. It was learned glycerine now is not as extensively used in anti-freeze compounds as formerly, and that ethyl glycol has largely replaced it. On the ground of this compound is still in short supply.

RATION BOOK 4 DUE IN MARCH

When ration book 4 is issued to Canadians commencing the first of March there will be spare coupon sheets but this does not necessarily signify rationing of new commodities. Emergency sheets are placed in ration books as a prudent measure to meet emergencies.

Printing ration books is the biggest printing job done in Canada, and ration book 4 was in the hands of the printers on December 1. This means planning for nearly a year ahead when emergencies which are not anticipated. Additional coupons in ration books cost a trivial amount compared to what the cost would be to print and distribute supplementary sheets.

MORE PEANUT BUTTER EXPECTED THIS YEAR

Due to arrangements which have been made for the purchase by Canada of part of the American crop of peanuts, it is fully expected that the production of peanut butter this year will be considerably in advance of that which has recently prevailed.

Depending upon when and if the peanuts and question were Canada's conversion into palatable and nutritious peanut butter will materially to the national supply of a spread which has been a staple to the shelves of many merchants and to the tables of thousands of consumers for a good many months.

FARM MACHINERY SITUATION

There will not be nearly sufficient farm machinery to fill the demand this year according to J. G. Smith, professor of agriculture engineering at the University of Alberta. He told the Calgary agricultural short course that more than 20,000 orders had been received for tractors and less than 10,000 of these could be filled. Only 25 per cent of the machines imported and manufactured in 1942 could be produced in 1943 and this has caused the shortage. The speaker suggested the present machinery on farms should be kept in a good state of repair. Right now in a great deal of order repairs so that farmers will be sure of obtaining deliveries.

THE HAT TRICK

A short time ago a local man took a little creature boy who was standing with him on a railway excursion. The boy was looking out of the window, when the man slipped the hat off the boy's head, pretending it had gone out of the carriage.

The boy was perturbed at the loss, but the man consoled him by saying he would whistle it back.

Sure enough, he whistled and the hat appeared.

Not long after the youngster drew his hat's hat out the window, shouting: "Now, whistle it back!"

THE FOOD INDUSTRY WAR SAVINGS STAMP CAMPAIGN

to raise \$2,000,000 is on. Buy Your Stamps Here.

THE BEST SPECIAL WAR EVER! STAMPS

25¢

YOU'LL DO BETTER AT THE FARMERS' EXCHANGE RED AND WHITE STORE

I'm very sorry, Miss Janet said to tell you she is not at home. Oh, that's all right. Just tell her I'm glad I didn't come.

A VALENTINE JUST FOR YOU VALENTINE'S DAY MON, FEBRUARY 14

Don't Forget Sweetheart, Mother, Grandmother, Wife or Husband

Printed at 5c for 5; 3c for 5; 5c; 10c; 15c and 25c

FOR YOUR CHICKS, POULDS AND YOUNG PIGS WE HAVE

VITAMIN TESTED FEEDING OIL

McKIBBIN'S DRUG STORE

A.F. McKibbin, Pharm. B. Prescription Specialist, CARBON, Alta

VOLUME 21; NUMBER 2

CARBON SCHOOL DISTRICT IN GOOD FINANCIAL SHAPE

Now Has \$4,000 In Dominion Victory Bonds

The financial statement of Carbon School District No. 1218, published in last week's issue of The Chronicle, shows a very favorable report for the year's operations.

The School Board reduced the mill rate in 1942 and due to the increased payment of tax arrears the district was still able to show a gain in net receipts over expenditures. In fact the district is now in excellent financial condition with all debts paid, except outstanding debentures of \$2,535.94, and \$5,019.78 in the bank. Besides this the school district has an investment of \$4,000 in Victory Bonds.

Much credit for this fine financial management and efforts in economy, and within two years the entire debt would be cleared up and the school will be paid for.

There is still a large amount of arrears of taxes owing to the district, but if the ratepayers will make every effort to pay their arrears as well as current taxes they can be assured of a lower mill rate in the years to come.

NEW CAR LICENSES WILL BE AVAILABLE MARCH 1

New motor car licenses for 1943 will be available to applicants soon after March 1st.

The plan is to make the licenses available one time before the usual rush occurs, which has been experienced at issuing agencies just before the opening of the new license year on April 1st.

Provincial officials have stated that the federal "AAA" gasoline ration card will be issued at the same time as the provincial motor license is taken out.

Sid Wright has installed his new electric welding machine.

The W. A. of the Anglican Church held a Valentine Tea in the Scout hall last Saturday.

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RED CROSS NATIONAL APPEAL

The Canadian Red Cross will make a national appeal for \$10,000,000 in voluntary contributions throughout Canada starting on February 28th.

In previous appeals the people of Canada have more than supported the cause and the generous response of the Canadian people in the last appeal showed their openheartedness and understanding of the Red Cross work.

The Red Cross is an international organization and under the Conventions of Geneva, is required to obtain the support of voluntary subscribers to preserve its rights, privileges and immunities guaranteed under International Law.

The national appeal in March was planned with the fullest co-operation of the Dominion Government to prevent disruption of plans of the National War Finance Committee. And too, the American Red Cross is making its national appeal during the same month, making it a continent-wide campaign.

The largest work facing the Red Cross during the current year is supplying food parcels for Canadian, British and American prisoners of war in Europe and the Far East. The Society now has five working plants in Canada, with a weekly production of 100,000 parcels. Of this amount the Canadian Red Cross donates 30,000 parcels for prisoners in Europe, the remainder being paid for by the British and American Red Cross Societies. Provision also has to be made for food, drugs and other supplies for Canadian prisoners in the Far East. These supplies and other necessities will require \$5,500,000 during 1944.

The work of the Canadian Red Cross has never been greater, and the need has never been greater. This year, it is hoped, will be victory year, but the work of the Red Cross does not end with the cessation of hostilities. It continues wherever there is human suffering.

25TH ANNUAL BONSPLE TO BE HELD FEBRUARY 15, 16, 17

MR. CHURCHILL SHOWS U.S. WAR SECRETARY BRITISH DEFENCE

The 25th annual bonspiel of the Carbon Curling Club will be held on Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, February 15, 16 and 17, and it is expected that a large number of outside rinks will enter the play this year.

There will be two main competitions, the Parkdale Carbon Curlers and the Ontario Laundry teams, besides the Blue Ribbon or consolation event, and good prizes are being arranged by the committee in charge. These prizes will be on display in the window of the Finance report for the year's operations.

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NOMINATIONS FOR COUNCILLORS, MUN. DIST. OF KNEEHILL

18 CANDIDATES NOMINATED TO COMPETE SEVEN SEATS

At the nomination meeting of the new Municipal District of Kneehill held at 278, held at Three Hills on Tuesday afternoon, February 8, 18 candidates were named to compete for seven seats.

In Divisions 1, 2 and 3 there will be two candidates running in each while in Divisions 4, 5, 6 and 7 there will be three candidates running for office.

The following is a list of the nominations received Tuesday:

DIVISION 1—Richard S. Nair and John W. Olson.

DIVISION 2—John A. Othausen; Donald W. B. R. Reginald Bates; Matthew Schmalz.

DIVISION 3—W. J. Parry, Leonard D. Brown and Herbert Francis Pryor.

DIVISION 4—Frank C. Petersen; Phillip J. Beck and Fred M. King.

DIVISION 5—Geo. E. Walker; William H. Kince and Stanley Scholten.

DIVISION 6—Gordon C. Campbell, Aubrey Lane Hogg and William Stronach.

While the above nominations were received on February 8, any candidate has the privilege of withdrawing his nomination within a period of 48 hours so there is a possibility of a change in the above list of nominees.

Elections will be held throughout the new municipality on Tuesday, February 22nd. There will be 29 polling places, and further particulars will appear next week in these columns.

Arion Khasen of the head office of the Builders' Hardware Stores, paid an official visit to Carbon Tuesday.

Carbon is to have a new auctioneer. John Goblehouse has taken out an auctioneer's license.

RED CROSS SOCIETY NOTES

A regular blizzard set in Monday and the temperature dropped to below zero and it's still cold.

William Harvey, local paper boy for the Calgary Herald, received word that he had won a trip all expenses paid, to the Harco Winter Carnival, for being one of the successful candidates in securing new business.

LONG YEARS AGO

February 8, 1933

L. G. McQuide has been re-elected to the Council of the Village of Carbon by acclamation, and the 1932 Village Council is Messrs. S.J. Garrett, Jas. Flawn and L.G. McQuide.

LEYTOSAN

—A BRITISH-MADE PRODUCT—

ELIMINATES SHUNT AND OTHER SEED DISEASES

Substantially increases the seedling's resistance to frost and drought, and ensures a substantial addition to the normal crop.

USE HALF-OUNCE PER BUSHEL OF GRAIN

TREAT YOUR GRAIN NOW AND AVOID DELAY LATER ON

5-LB. TIN \$1.40; 10-LB. TIN \$2.50

BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE

WM. F. ROSS, Manager PHONE 5, CARBON, ALTA.

TEST SEED FOR GERMINATION

Testing seed for germination is recommended by agricultural authorities. Farmers should have definite knowledge as to the ability of their seed to grow. They can test their own seed by counting out 100 kernels, then place them in a saucer of moist sand with another saucer turned over it to help hold the moisture. It may be necessary to add a very small amount of water each day to keep the sand moist. In a few days kernels will begin to show and it is then easy to determine what percentage of the seed will grow.—Wheat Pool Bulletin.

Buy More War Savings Certificates!

CARBON, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1944

MR. CHURCHILL SHOWS U.S. WAR SECRETARY BRITISH DEFENCE



The British Prime Minister, accompanied by Mrs. Churchill, Col. Slim, U.S. Secretary of War; Mr. and Mrs. Winant and others paid a visit to S.E. England when they saw considerable defence and imported units. The pictures show Prime Minister Churchill and other party who had to travel on "night railways" to visit certain units.

THE WORLD OF WHEAT REVIEWED WEEKLY BY MAJOR H.G.L. STANGE

Planned Prices or the Open Market

Suggestions are being made that after the war Britain should have her own wheat. The trouble is that Britain will probably take no more than one third of the wheat Canadian farmers will have to sell if they are to stay in business.

What would happen to the other two thirds that normally is sold to one hundred different countries? All the evidence of the past seems to indicate that it would be quite impossible to make similar contracts that would be kept with all those many countries so that it seems quite plain the bulk of our wheat would still have to be sold on the world's open market, our farmers would be dissatisfied, and if the British contract prices were higher than such open market prices, then British buyers would be dissatisfied.

It does seem, then, as though the sale of all our wheat on world open markets will be the only way to ensure the sale of all we can produce. There is not the slightest reason to believe that the prices returned by this method would not be satisfactory, for we have reasonably free international trade, there certainly would be no surpluses that have ever depressed prices.

NEW SHIPMENT OF LADIES' DRESSES

PRICED FROM 4.95 to 7.95

LADIES' BLOUSES, from 2.45 to 3.45

Also A Full Assortment of CHILDREN'S AND WOMEN'S HOSIERY

Prices are Reasonable for Quality Merchandise

COME IN AND LOOK OVER OUR ASSORTMENT

THE CARBON TRADING COMPANY

I. Guttman, Prop. :: Carbon, Alberta

LEYTOSAN

—A BRITISH-MADE PRODUCT—

ELIMINATES SHUNT AND OTHER SEED DISEASES

Substantially increases the seedling's resistance to frost and drought, and ensures a substantial addition to the normal crop.

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TREAT YOUR GRAIN NOW AND AVOID DELAY LATER ON

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BUILDERS' HARDWARE STORES LTD.

CARBON'S LEADING HARDWARE

WM. F. ROSS, Manager PHONE 5, CARBON, ALTA.

ORDER FARM IMPLEMENT REPAIRS

GET THEM FOR SPRING WORK

Because of the rationing of metals it might be impossible to get repairs later on. So avoid costly delays and order now. It may be months before some parts come through from the factory.

GARRETT MOTORS

Phone: 31 S.J. Garrett, Prop. Carbon

\$2.00 A YEAR; 5¢ A COPY

W.R. VAN LOON IS PRESIDENT OF THE LOCAL CREDIT UNION

Directors Named at the Annual General Meeting

At the annual general meeting of the Carbon and District Savings and Credit Union, held on January 7th, the following officers and committees were elected:

President—W. R. Van Loon

Vice-President—E. W. Maxwell

Sec. Treas.—W. A. Brashier

Supervisory Committee—C. H. Nash

Three years, I. Guttman, two years, K. Schuler, one year.

At the Directors' meeting held the same day, the following officers were elected:

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(By Squadron Leader John Clare, R.C.A.F. Public Relations Officer in North Africa)

The registration room parcels are being handled in quantity, registration provides the same protection here as it does at home. The U.S.A.F. postal section often registers a parcel that has not been so protected by the sender. They want to make sure that it gets there. In a lot of all efforts there are bound to be some letters that foil the efforts of the post office boys. These "no record" letters are held for 90 days and then are returned (gratefully) to the sender. To give you an idea of how reluctantly they admit defeat of the "no record" branch, the flight instructor's mail goes into a bin like the picture at left shows a corner of the bin.

Western Artist

teaching, with expectations of specializing in art.

A pair of pre-historic ivory sunglasses, believed to be several thousand years old, was dug from an Alaskan grave.

R.C.A.F. '

R.C.A.F. "Beagle Boys" Speed Servicemen's Mail Through Algiers

The picture at left shows a corner of the busy sorting room at Algiers. At the right, LAC J. B. MacLean of Picou, N.S., smiles while he holds a mail sack into an I.C.S. truck.

Has Useful Hobby

She has done several technical books and said that when she was

Proper Procedure

According to military authorities, the number of Canadians who married English girls while serving in England is well into the thousands.

There are no spark plugs in the Diesel oil engine. The fuel is ignited by heat generated by the high compression.

DO IT NOW

If with pleasure you are viewing,
Any work that man is doing—
If you like him, if you love him, tell him now;
Don't withhold your approbation
Till the parson makes oration
And he lies with snowy lilies on his brow.
For no matter how you shout it,
He really won't care about it.
He won't know how many tears you have shed;
If you think some malice is due him,
Now's the time to slip it to him,
When he's dead.

More than fame and more than money,
Is the comest kind and sunny
And the hearty, warm approval of a friend;
For it gives to life a savour,
And it makes you stronger, braver,
And it gives you heart and spirit to the end.
If he can give you this, be sure to give;
If you like him let him know it.
Let the words of true encouragement be said;
Do not wait till life is over,
And he's underneath the clover,
For he cannot read his tombstone when he's dead.

Author unknown

Many National Organizations Make Valuable Contributions For The Benefit Of Our Armed Forces

Flowery Pinafore



Two other organizations, the Knights of Columbus Canadian Army Huts and the Salvation Army Red Shield War Services, follow the same

by Alice Brooks

This pinaflore, colorful in multi-colored lazy-daisy flowers, will make that tot right in style, winter or summer. And you'll enjoy the quick

Pattern 7714 contains a transfer pattern of embroidery and necessary pattern pieces for pinafore in sizes 2, 4 and 6, all in one pattern; directions to stitch.

To obtain this pattern send twenty cents in coins (stamps cannot be accepted) to Household Arts Department, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Avenue E., Winnipeg.

The Y.W.C.A. National War Services Committee is in operation in the Department of the Interior.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY

Prof. Felix Ehrenhaft, Austrian scientist who fled from Vienna after the Nazi invasion, told the American Physical Society at New York that he had discovered proof that "not only electric currents but also magnetic currents flow through the universe." Fellow scientists at the meeting expressed belief the discovery might lead to a new era in power technology.

WANTED A RECORD

The Saturday Review of Literature says Howard Dietz tells the story of the secretary who came to Samuel Goldwyn and said: "Our files are getting so crowded that I'd like your permission to destroy all correspond-

Haiti and Liberia are the only

Negro republics in the world.

Experiment A Success

[illegible]

Machine Planted 15,000 Trees On
Quebec Land In One Day

Tree planting by machinery has been brought into the realm of reality under the auspices of the Quebec department of agriculture, a statement from the department showed. In an experiment near Berthier, one machine planted 15,000 trees in one day, covering an area of ten acres, and requiring a team of four men and

The machine was created from a mechanical tobacco planter, to which improvements were made. It is expected that with some further improvements the machine will be on the market and used to plant trees especially on sand lands. There are many thousands of acres of moving sand lands which at present are useless, but which can be transformed through this cheap means of planting into valuable forests.

NEW STYLE SHOES

Mrs. William Shearing, Victoria, is certain she has the latest in shoes—she's sporting a pair made of shiny aluminum, with crepe rubber pads underneath and leather-lined uppers. The slippers are a gift from her brother, Cpl. Ackie Smith, R.C.A.S.C., on active service in Italy, who sent similar presents to two other sisters, Caroline Smith and Mrs. E. Stapleton of Edmonton.

Canadian Certified Seed Potatoes

Should be ordered AT ONCE

PLACE YOUR ORDER NOW, while supplies are still available. Seed potatoes are being withheld from export to meet the requirements of Canadian growers; but the demands from outside Canada are very strong and supplies not needed for planting in Canada should be released for export in March before the season in the U.S.A. is too far advanced for planting.

ORDER "CERTIFIED" for Table Stock Production. Larger crops are needed in 1944. Obtain a heavier yield from each acre by planting Canadian Certified Seed Potatoes.

ORDER "FOUNDATION" and "FOUNDATION A" for Certified Seed Production. All fields entered for certification in 1944 must be planted with either "Foundation" or "Foundation A" seed potatoes.

DISTRICT INSPECTOR FOR
SASKATCHEWAN AND ALBERTA—Seed
Potato Certification, 423 Post Office
Building, Edmonton, Alta.

For lists of growers having "Certified",
"Foundation A", or "Foundation" seed
potatoes for sale, apply to the local
District Inspector, Seed Potato Certifi-
cation, or to the Plant Protection Dis-
trict, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

AGRICULTURAL SUPPLIES BOARD
DOMINION DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, OTTAWA
Honourable James G. Gardiner, Minister

NOTICE TO RATEPAYERS OF THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF KNEEHILL No. 278

Having served the M.D. of Ghost Pine No. 308 for the past eight years, I am now running as Councillor for the new Municipal District of Kneehill No. 278 in Division 5, and respectfully solicit your vote and influence.

FRED M. KING,
Phone 303, Three Hills. Ghost Pine Creek

Test Your Seed Grain!

Pioneer Elevators have available modern seed grain germinating testing machines. Any farmer wishing to have his seed grain tested for germination may obtain tests free of charge through any Pioneer Elevator.

Consult our agent in your district regarding any of your agricultural problems.



PIONEER GRAIN COMPANY
LIMITED

MOST OF US DON'T KNOW

Hardly anyone—not even the publisher—knows how important a newspaper is to a community.

The smaller the town or village, the more important the newspaper is in its economic life. Its news, editorials and feature stories focus the interest of surrounding territory on the place in which the paper is published.

This force and the force of advertisements by local merchants build an ever-widening trade area. This means more business, more money for schools, homes and churches—a bigger and better town.

A town with a newspaper is a town with a future. The better the paper, the brighter the future.

It deserves the support of every business man in that town.

We are trying to make this paper worthy of our town. Your help and suggestions are appreciated.

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

YOUR NEWSPAPER IS MORE THAN A BUSINESS—IT IS
A COMMUNITY INSTITUTION



A WEEKLY EDITOR LOOKS AT Ottawa

Written specially
for the weekly newspapers of Canada
By JIM GREENBLAT

Parliament Hill is nonviolent-looking no more as the House is in session again; there is a fresh lilt to the walls of most folk coming up Wellington Street and entering in at the big ornate gates leading to the Peace Tower entrance; the members, from town, city, farm, mine and fishing villages are back on the job—democracy starts clicking again. . . . Ottawa storemen were given a jolt the other day when a brisk salesman was around offering flags and hunting for sale, to be used for Armistice Day. No, he explained, he wasn't a bit early, this was the armistice when the war ends. The next job may be coming to the salesman and others thinking the same way.

We think of salvage as a civilian job, but it might interest you to know that the Army goes in for it in a big way, saving millions of dollars annually. A recent National Defence report showed that 825,000 pairs of boots and shoes were repaired and restored to service. They operate a boot repairing plant which can produce 1,500 pairs each week using unstripped from condemned boots. Articles scrapped and re-used realized \$410,351. Reconditioned by contract, we noted, were damaged equipment and galvanized utensils, including over a thousand boilers and twenty thou-

sands of jugs, bowls, mugs and plates. Clothing repair and tailor shops made over three million repairs to garments of all kinds.

National income is supposed to give a pretty good indication of the national welfare. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics points out that for eleven months of 1943 it showed an increase of 18.4 per cent—a total of \$2,070,000,000—over the similar period a year before. Production and transport of munitions and war supplies were the main generators for this huge amount putting it at the highest level in Canadian history. Also Canada's domestic and foreign exports hit the astonishing figure of \$3,601 million, three times that of pre-war year 1938.

Americans are really big investors in Canada. A United States Treasury census reveals that American-owned property in foreign countries reaches over the nine billion dollar mark, 34 per cent of this being in Canada.

If you sometimes wonder why the banks have increased staffs, put it against the large number of cheques that are issued, for one thing. Cheques cashed against individual accounts aggregated \$53,797,000,000 during the year 1943, a new high point in Canadian history. Be sure to read that amount correctly, because it sure is passing the bucks and no fooling.

Agricultural notes: The department advises potato growers to order their 1944 seed potato requirements without delay, and a list of Certified, Foundation A or Foundation seed can be had from the Plant Protection Division, Dept. of Agriculture, Ottawa. As for potato acreage a five per cent increase is wanted for the year. Ontario, Manitoba and B.C. have each agreed to 10 per cent more acreage; Quebec and Alberta will aim for five per cent. . . . An increase of nearly one third over the 1943 output in maple syrup and products is being asked, representing about three million gallons on the syrup basis. . . . There will be plenty of vegetable seeds like peas, beans, carrots, onions, radishes, lettuce, tomatoes, etc. available for 1944 spring planting because the Agricul-

tural Supplies Board arranged a production program in the spring of 1943. We are informed that about 65 per cent of the Canadian production of vegetables and field root seeds were grown in British Columbia last season.

Snicklefrizt—



"What is a little Eskimo with a frozen finger?"

"I don't know. What?"

"He's a frigid midget with a rigid digit."

Here's something queer," said the dentist, who had been drilling into a tooth, "you said that this tooth had never been filled, but I find flakes of gold on the point of my drill."

"I knew it," moaned the patient. "You've struck my buck color button."

A chy girl sat next to a bishop at a formal dinner. Seeing some business passed, she seized on this as a topic of conversation.

"I hear your parson, but are you fond of bananas?" she asked.

The bishop, who was slightly deaf, replied, "Pardon me, but what did you say?"

The girl blushed furiously. "I said, do you like bananas?"

The bishop pondered a moment, then answered, "It is a curious question, but I have always preferred the old-fashioned nightshirt."

Mother: "Now, before you get serious with him, be sure he is always kind."

Daughter: "Oh, I'm sure he is. I heard him say he put his shirt on a horse that was scratched."

"What's the cat's name?"

"Ben Hur."

"How'd you happen to choose that?"

"Well, we called him Ben till he had kittens."

For the foods covered by basic rationing (except tea) consumers in Great Britain are required to register with one particular retailer. Retailers are similarly tied to one wholesaler.

Indirect taxes are very high in Britain. It is estimated that on an annual income of \$4,000, a married man with two children would pay about \$400 in indirect tax, in addition to \$1,600 in direct tax.

Although the Mosquito bomber's speed has never been officially made known, it is reckoned the fastest bomber in the world. A Swiss report puts its speed at 430 miles an hour, or just over seven miles a minute.



JOHN FISHER
"Canadian Yarns" on CBC

A Chartered Bank is ONE WHICH COMPETES WITH NINE OTHERS for your business

These ten competing banks are:

Bank of Montreal

The Bank of Toronto

The Canadian Bank of Commerce

The Dominion Bank

Imperial Bank of Canada

The Bank of Nova Scotia

The Provincial Bank of Canada

The Royal Bank of Canada

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Oil Shipments To Spain Halted By United States

WASHINGTON.—The United States has suspended oil shipments from the Caribbean area to Spain for February, it was learned on excellent authority.

The step is understood to be part of a general reconsideration by the United States government of Spain's over-all position with regard to the war.

Spain has been allowed an extremely limited amount of fuel oil and gasoline from the Caribbean area, practically her only source of supply. The agreed quotas supply most essential needs but make it virtually impossible for Spain to gather any reserves.

Matters involved in reconsideration of Spain's position regarding the war include that country's failure to release Italian ships interned in her ports, to control adequately German agents operating on her territory, and reduce export of war materials to Germany.

The sudden step on Spain's part was the negotiation recently of an agreement with Germany providing 400,000 pounds of wheat (about \$400,000,000) to the Nazis.

The credit was secured Germany as payment for debts incurred during the Spanish civil war. This was a severe blow at Allied efforts to reduce strategic German supplies since during the past few months Germany has received little from Spain because of the Nazis' lack of wheat.

The most important material the Germans import from Spain is wolfram, ore from which tungsten is derived. The Allies have cut off supplies but have made vigorous efforts to prevent German acquisition of wolfram metal, used to make armor-piercing steel.

The American action follows British protests to Madrid over activities of German spies and saboteurs alleged to be operating on Spanish territory, especially near Gibraltar.

TAKES NEW POST

Air Marshal Cunningham Has Assumed New Command in Britain

LONDON.—Air Marshal Sir Arthur Cunningham, who directed British and United States air units based in northwest Africa in tactical operations in the Tunisia, Sicily and Italian campaigns, has followed his old chief, Air Chief Marshal Sir Arthur Tedder, to Britain to head the R.A.F. home-based tactical air force.

Sir Arthur, former Middle East commander, is due to take over from Gen. Dwight D. Eisenhower, Allied invasion chief.

Announcing Cunningham's appointment, the air ministry disclosed he already had assumed his new command which is known as No. 2 Tactical Air Force of the R.A.F.

Britain's Mediterranean air unit which Cunningham headed since February 1943, now are designated the R.A.F. No. 1 Tactical Air Force.

The tactical air force works in close conjunction with ground forces while the strategic air force attacks objectives behind the immediate fighting fronts.

WILL MEAN MUCH

Argentina's Action Likely Causes Western Hemisphere To Axis Agents

WASHINGTON.—Official quarters here believed Argentina's break with the Axis would close the entire western hemisphere to Axis agents. Until January 26, Argentina had been the only American country still doing business with Germany and Japan.

In many respects, Argentina's action resembled that of Chile which did not sever relations until last January. In both instances, the governments involved acted only after they had been taken to task by the United States.

In October, 1942, then Undersecretary of State Sumner Welles charged that both Argentina and Chile, by granting a haven to Axis spies, were stabbing their sister republics in the back. Chile broke off with the Axis three months later.

FROM WEST INDIES

LONDON.—The first contingent of ground staff volunteers for the R.A.F. to be recruited in the West Indies has arrived in Britain, the air ministry announced. About 1,000 men have been chosen in the West Indies to come to Britain for training under an official scheme.

RELEASE URGED

Early Demobilization Of Trained Foresters Asked By Society

MONTREAL.—The Canadian Society of Forest Engineers, winding up its 36th annual meeting, called for the early demobilization of trained foresters from the armed forces to provide supervisory personnel for post-war forest projects.

The society also went on record as favoring the calling of a national forestry congress by the Dominion government soon after the end of the war.

Other resolutions asked the Dominion government to take an inventory of the forest resources of Canada and expand the use of aerial photography for the purpose, and urged expenditures for the investigation and supervision of forest insect attacks.

Heavy Bombing Of Europe Said To Be A Record

LONDON.—Thirty-one thousand tons of bombs—believed to be an all-time record for the period—were dropped on Hitler's Europe in January from the northern and Mediterranean theatres, an R.A.F. commentator said.

Twenty-thousand tons came from the Allied air forces in Britain, while 11,000 tons were dropped from the northern and Mediterranean theatres, dropped 9,000 on Italy and more than 2,000 elsewhere in Europe.

Some London air writers speculated that the 20,000 tons from Britain might in itself be a 25-day record but it was believed probable that figure was exceeded in July, when there were 11 heavy R.A.F. and six heavy United States raids on the continent, compared with a total of 13 heavy raids thus far in January.

The total estimates are necessarily rough because of incompleteness of official announcements on individual bomb loads.

The R.A.F. commentator said air operations supporting the Nettuno landings in Italy had prevented the Germans almost entirely from bringing up supplies and reserves in the daytime.

Recent Mediterranean Allied air casualties, including Nettuno, were "nicely under" one per cent of individual plane flights, he said.

Since Jan. 1 Allied planes in the Mediterranean have flown 20,000 sorties, 5,000 more than all those flown from Britain, with the minor exception of the coastal command.

The R.A.F. home-based tactical air force, during two days of the Nettuno landing operations, against less than 100 German sorties. Nine German planes were shot down for a loss of four Allied.

The commentator explained the German weakness as due to the fact that they have four times as many fighters on the western European front, trying to fight off the attacks from Britain, as they do in Italy, and that the quality of the fighters in western Europe is probably four times as good as the Nazis allotted to the Italian front.

Commanding Officer



Lieut.-Commander Patrick Nixon, R.C.N.V., B.C., commanding officer of H.M.C.S. Chaudier. He has been in the navy since 1935.

IDLE FARM AREAS

Average Abandoned In Canada Shows Five Per Cent Reduction

OTTAWA.—The Dominion bureau of statistics said the Dominion census of agriculture showed that the area of abandoned or idle farms in Canada in 1941 was 5,029,541 acres, compared with 5,289,166 in 1931, a reduction of five per cent. The number of these farms in 1941 was 32,518, 219 fewer than in 1931. The value placed on the land was \$22,290,114, compared with \$36,490,275, and on buildings \$5,380,985, compared with \$6,358,346.

WORKED BOTH WAYS

LONDON.—An incendiary bomb fell through the roof of a house in south Essex during a recent German raid. First it started a fire. Then it burst through a water pipe. Out came the water and out went the fire.

Marks 100th Birthday



Sir William Mulock, former postmaster general for Canada whose nephew is the present postmaster general, marked his 100th birthday in Toronto, Ont., January 19. The day before as chancellor of the University of Toronto, right above, he conferred the degree of doctor of laws on Crown Prince Olaf of Norway, left.

WORTH STUDYING

Manufacture Of Higher Percentage Of Farm Implements In Canada

OTTAWA.—Implement manufacturers should study the possibility of manufacturing a much higher percentage of Canada's farm equipment needs in Canada, the war expenditure committee said in a report tabled in the House of Commons by Hughes Cleaver (Lib., Hinton), chairman.

"In view of our tremendous industrial development brought about by the war, and in view of the dominant position which Canadian agriculture now holds with respect to food production, it is unthinkable that Canadian manufacturers should continue to supply only 38 per cent of the farm implements used in this country," said the report.

"Your committee is of the opinion that such urgent industrial expansion would fit in with our reconstruction policy and program."

DEAL WITH CARTELS

Calls For United Nations Conference To Deal With Subject

LONDON.—Plans have been made for a United Nations conference to deal with cartels, Lord Woolton, minister of reconstruction, disclosed in the House of Lords.

The disclosure came after Lord Strathairn, a Labor peer, warned that unless some provision was made the United Nations probably would find the leaders of Germany's monopoly system trying to re-establish contacts with "their old friends in Britain and the United States" even while the Allies were busy rounding up war criminals and disarming Germany.

FOR RELIEF IN EUROPE

LONDON.—Britain is setting aside at once nearly 1,000,000,000 (about \$400,000,000) for the relief of countries liberated from the Nazis, the Daily Express reported.

POLISH DISPUTE

Russia Rejects Offer For Mediation By United States

WASHINGTON.—Secret Russian policy but firmly rejected an offer by the United States to try to get Moscow and the Polish government to make a settlement of the Polish dispute. The Russians do not feel, they replied, that the situation has yet ripened to a point where the good offices of the United States could be used to advantage.

State Secretary Cordell Hull, who disclosed the Russian response at a press conference, reported it contained an expression of gratification for the United States action, which was made at the request of the Polish government.

The American note, presented in Moscow by Ambassador W. Averell Harriman, avoided making any proposal of mediation in the territorial dispute between Russia and Poland.

Peace Policy For The Empire Must Now Be Planned

LONDON.—The time has come for a joint effort by Britain and the dominions to work out an agreed plan for the future of inter-imperial relations, imperial foreign policy and imperial defence as the Empire can speak with one voice about the peace settlement and post-war organization of the Empire, the Earl of Listowel said here.

This should be the main task of the forthcoming conference of prime ministers, the Labor whip in the House of Lords told fellow peers after Lord Halifax, British ambassador to the United States, said in a Toronto speech that united Empire policies for defence and foreign affairs were essential to the Empire's future strength.

Lord Listowel noted also the desirability of regional co-operation advocated by Prime Ministers Churchill, Attlee and Simons and welcomed what had been done to implement the British government's intentions in this regard. He was anxious particularly to know whether approaches had been made to the dominions and to foreign countries.

Viccount Samuel also raised the question of imperial relations. He said Commonwealth questions had a considerable bearing on Anglo-American relations and added that what he called British imperialism was a formidable obstacle to close and whole-hearted friendship and co-operation between the United States and the United Kingdom.

Replying for the government, Viscount Cranborne, dominions secretary, said questions of an extremely contentious character must be put into cold storage until the war was over and full attention could be given them.

REMAINED ON JOB

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS, New Guinea.—Gen. Douglas MacArthur, Allied commander in the southwest Pacific, celebrated his 64th birthday January 26 by remaining on the job.

Russian Officers Visit Italian Front



Their reputations as highly capable as tough commanders in their respective duties during the German drive on Moscow last winter firmly established, the three Russian Army officers shown above were part of a group of Russian military observers who spent some time on observation duty with the Allied forces in Italy. Left to right: Major General Vasilyev, Major General Solodovnikov, and Colonel Sudakov.

Sees Great Need For A Livestock Policy In West

REGINA.—The destruction of livestock in European countries during this war intensified Canadian efforts to formulate a national livestock policy, said Prof. J. W. Grant MacEwan, professor of animal husbandry and director of the school of agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, in a dinner address in Regina's hotel, Prof. MacEwan spoke to the community pasture managers of the province who had assembled in the city for a conference.

Maintenance of Canadian flocks and herds was of special importance in the light of the ravaged position of European livestock, because of the length of time required to rehabilitate such livestock, Prof. MacEwan said. He referred in particular to the destruction of herds in the north of Russia overrun by Germany, and the annihilation of Belgian herds in Belgium, of percheron horses in France, of black and white cattle in Holland, and of high herds in Denmark from which Britain obtained most of her bacon pre-war years.

During this war the Canadian livestock population had increased, Prof. MacEwan said, and demonstrated a greater capacity for livestock production than many realized was possible. If distribution of food could be adequately arranged there would be need for all the food products which could be raised in western Canada during the next 10 or 20 years. Prof. MacEwan said, basing his estimate on the fact that even in peacetime, a large percentage of the output of the world was underemployed.

Prof. MacEwan emphasized the need for continuing the research in a Canadian agriculture rebuilt for permanence. Factors to be considered in drafting permanent livestock policies were the welfare of the soil, the security of the people, domestic and foreign needs for food, and provision of work for a bigger population.

Such a lasting livestock policy led to a greater degree of diversification in the industry, involving more grass, better feed reserves, assurance of markets, and raising of the different classes of livestock in a proper relationship. To make the plan successful, the country should need to open its trade, or give a just share of assistance to livestock producers.

Prof. MacEwan then discussed the place of each class of livestock in post-war Canadian agriculture. He forecast continued high production of dairy cattle and pigs, and possibility of great increase in sheep production, with little change in the beef cattle situation.

TRAIN AS SNIPERS

Six Polish Girls Are Taking Hand Course In Britain

BIRMINGHAM, ENGLAND.—Six Canadian girls of Polish birth are learning the grim and bitter lessons of war. As members of Polish A.T.S. who have recently arrived in Britain the girls are training to enter Europe with the Polish armed forces. They are learning simple military field tactics, guerrilla warfare. When their course is through they will be able to handle Bren guns, fire rifles and hand grenades.

One of Poland's heroines during the German invasion of her homeland is the commandant of more than 6,000 Polish women. Jadwiga Nowak was taking pre-medical studies at her home in Winnipeg when she enlisted.

Alleja L. Dzik, Manville, Alta., served a year in the C.W.A.C. as a corporal cook before she transferred to the Polish army. Her father, Lieut. A. C. Dzik, is in England with the Canadian army.

A GERMAN CLAIM

Nazis Report Discovery Of Hidden Supply Dumps In Greece

LONDON.—The German radio claimed that Nazi troops have discovered hidden supply dumps in the mountains of Greece where British planes have been accustomed to drop weapons and explosives for Communist bandits.

The German report added, "After Allied planes had circled over the spot during the night, German units early in the morning overpowered the guards, captured four machine guns, two mortars, many rifles and found on the ground 80 parachutes and explosives and time bombs attached."

DEVELOPMENT OF NATIONAL PARKS

Extends From British Columbia In West To Cape Breton In The East

The provision of facilities for recreation is likely to rank high among Canada's post-war activities. Already some public bodies are increasing their appropriation for the development of tourist travel, and doubt in anticipation of victory within the next year or two.

No one can forecast with any degree of accuracy when the war will end, but most people agree that, when it does, there will be a greater demand for recreation and travel than this world has ever known. A people, wearied in body and spirit by the strain of war and by heavy responsibilities, often unrelieved even by the usual holidays and vacations, will want rest and recreation as they have never wanted it before. This surge of recreation-seekers must be anticipated and the necessary human and physical equipment organized to meet its requirements.

Nature has been especially generous to Canada in providing recreational areas of great variety and variety in widely separated parts of the country. Canada is fortunate, too, in possessing a system of national parks which can be used both for the maintenance of health and morale at home and the attraction of tourists from abroad.

In addition to the 26 areas covering more than 27,000 square miles now under federal ownership and administration, as national parks, other areas are being considered for park development. More than 10,000 square miles in the Yukon Territory adjacent to the Alaska Highway have been set aside recently for possible extension of the national parks system. Two additional sites have been offered by the Province of Quebec and one by New Brunswick, and proposals looking toward the establishment of a sea-level park in British Columbia have been discussed. It is expected that other suitable areas for the most suitable areas for the purpose, will be offered by the provinces. Already a chain of these national parks extends from British Columbia in the West to Cape Breton in the East. It includes some of the most scenic in the world as well as other features attractive to the vacationist.

Post-war development plans include better arterial and secondary highways leading to the parks. Improved highways within the parks, cheaper accommodation and improved facilities for the vacationist. It is one of the low incomes, secondary roads, foot and horse trails in order to render points of special interest readily accessible, and improved fire and game protection to meet increased danger from heavier and more widespread use of the national parks.

Precious Salvage

Bitter And His Satellites Can Be Defeated By Fats

Every kitchen from the fishing towns and hamlets on the east coast to the logging camps in British Columbia can help defeat Hitler and his torturing satellites with fat. Every single scrap has potentialities in that direction, for fats can be salvaged for extraction of the precious glycerine that goes into high explosives.

The inedible household fats, disposed of through the neighbourhood meat market or local salvage depot, have many uses in industry in addition to supplying glycerine. Glycerine, after all, is using only a small percentage of the fat.

Soap made from the fats is an indispensable part of the manufacturing processes of many major Canadian industries. It is used in cleaning, scouring and bleaching, and for numerous steps of fabrics. In shoe and leather products, soap is used to impart suppleness and softness.

In the manufacture of synthetic rubber, fat is used in the form of stearic or fatty acids. It is a major ingredient in paints and varnishes. Lubricating oils and grease for every kind of motor in every kind of Canadian war plant, needs fats in some form or other.

The war will take a portion of the fats saved in Canadian kitchens in the extraction of the shells as well as the explosive inside.

SLING BAGS

Members of the British Women's Army Auxiliary are to be issued with uniform sling bags of the type issued to members of the Canadian Women's Army Corps.

Brazil has a school of fishermen where delinquent boys are taught the trade of the sea.

Experiments show that wild rabbits have keener eyes than tame rabbits.

India To Become Mighty Allied Air Base



Admiral Mountbatten.

Realizing that somewhere on the plains of China the Japanese Imperial army must be met and destroyed, the Allies are preparing to base a great united army in India and China. The huge land force will be supported by what may be the largest air force ever assembled. Co-operating in the preparations are Admiral Lord Louis Mountbatten, Allied commander-in-chief in southwest Asia; Field Marshal Lord Vawell, victory of India; Gen. Sir Claude J. E. Auchinleck, commander-in-chief in India, and Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek of China, commander of all Chinese forces.

A New Comet

South African Astronomer Discovers Comet By Photography

A new comet moving rapidly in the direction of the second brightest star in the heavens, Canopus, has been discovered by Dr. H. van Gent, of the Southern Branch of Leiden Observatory in South Africa.

The comet was found by photography and will be kept under observation until sufficient positions are available to compute an orbit and thus its distance from the earth. It is the second found by Dr. van Gent.

The 120 feet covered by the Wright brothers on their first flight is about the wingspan of a Flying Fortress.

FARM ACCOUNT BOOK

At all times, the keeping of farm accounts has been associated with good farm management, but under war conditions a precise record of the business transactions in the yearly operation of the farm is necessary. To assist the farmer in keeping this record, the King's Printer, Ottawa, has available a simple useful little account book. It covers all farm operations and has the great advantage that the keeping of the book does not incur a special knowledge of expert accountancy. The book is entitled "Farm Account Book" and may be obtained from the King's Printer, Ottawa, at the nominal price of ten cents.

One of the best ways to make your troubles feel small is to ignore them.

H.M.C.S. Chaudiere Comes To Canadian Navy



H.M.C.S. Chaudiere, newly-commissioned River Class destroyer of the Royal Canadian Navy. The former Fleet Class destroyer H.M.S. Hero, she has been refitted from stern to stern and specially equipped for anti-submarine warfare in the North Atlantic.

British Generals Visit Canadians In Italy



General Sir Allan Brooke, chief of the Imperial General Staff, is shown here (centre) with General Sir Bernard Montgomery during his visit to Canadian units of the Eighth Army in Italy. On the left is General Sir Harold Alexander.

Women Architects

Playing Big Part In Britain's Post-War Building Plan

The part played by women architects in Great Britain is winning growing recognition. The proportion of girls among the students at the School of Architecture has increased from 30 per cent. before the war to 50 per cent. today. Women architects are making a valuable contribution to the war effort, doing good work for several ministries on the construction of factories, camps, aerodromes, hostels and in the field of camouflage. Women are also busily engaged on the planning of post-war building—Ottawa Citizen.

In ancient days North Africa was called the granary of Rome.

No Easy Victory

Heavy Price To Be Paid In Order To Win Peace

The days are moving quickly toward the bitter and decisive phase of this terrible drama of a world at war. General Eisenhower, who has made no rash or foolish statements, has said that victory will come in the west in this year 1944.

Victory! It is easy for us to seize on the word as though it were something without cost, something already accomplished. It is easy to delude ourselves, as we have deluded ourselves too often in these four and a half years of war. "Hitler is mad," we said with a strange confidence, as though a madman leading a mad nation might not be the world's undoing.

"The Maginot Line," we said, as there was alchemy in the word to protect us from the inevitable. Then it was revolution in Germany. We waited day by day, confident of its coming. When that failed we thought of bombing Germany into submission in a short space of time and at relatively small cost. But Germany had survived the blows as Britain survived them. Now, because events turn in our favor, we think victory is almost won. We thought we ourselves did not accept defeat when the successes were the other way. We are deluding ourselves when we believe that victory can be ours without a bitter cat.

The other day Peyton C. March, the old gray general who was Chief of Staff put two million Americans into France in the Great War, offered him comfort to those who believe the war almost won.

"You can't whip Germany," he said, "by whipping someone in Bengal. This is the country that will shock when the able-bodied soldiers start pouring out and the wounded start pouring in. This war cannot be won by waiting. Wait until Germany and Japan start fighting on their own soil. Look at Russia, where even today the fighting is hot. We can't let their lack of it. We can lose this war right here at home, thinking it's almost over."

There are cold words. They are worth remembering. They tell of something we too must learn. When the story of this war is fully told, the word "Ordnance," and the names of other battles yet to be, will be written on Canadian hearts by sacrifices as cruel as were those of Vigny and Passchendaele and Cambrai.

Yes, victory may come in 1944. But before that day comes, before we must face its terrible cost, it will be well for us here at home to search our own hearts. For youth will be searching its heart in these days, praying for devotion, praying for unselfish comradeship that makes courage and devotion possible.

And we—men and women at home, as we sit by our bed at night, dimly realizing that the trial is at hand and that it will touch us all uniformly. To them, peace will be wondering whether we should take holiday from the shift? Of ways to circumvent this rule or that? Of whether we could use our money to better advantage than investing it in this cause? Of what personal advantage we can secure from the strained situations induced by war?

Or will we be thinking of the boys to whom life is as dear as it is to us, who are holding these young lives so lightly, waiting for the hour, ready for the sacrifice?

Surely the price of victory is a common price, a common sacrifice. From Liberty Magazine.

One For Dr. Goebbels

Airmen Are A Little Tired Of The German Communiques

American airmen who have been bombing Germany are a little tired of the sameness of German communiques. They've cooked up this one for Dr. Goebbels: "A huge formation of American and British bombers, intent on their usual mission of bombing hospitals and churches in the Reich, was interested and completely destroyed today by a small number of German fighter planes. Springing to the defense of helpless civilians, the Luftwaffe pilots shot down more than 300 of the giant attacking planes, and left the remaining 50 so badly injured they were unable to return to their bases. "None of our gallant German planes or pilots was injured. "One of our cities is missing."—Franc Shor in Reader's Digest.

Nobility in France before the revolution of 1789, were highly decorative eye glasses with jeweled frames.

Motion pictures are said to be the most popular form of entertainment in all the armed services.

DALMATIAN GIRL A GOOD SOLDIER

Has Killed 52 Germans In Two Years Of Fighting Near Her Home

A 17-year-old Dalmatian girl who says she killed 52 Germans and she doesn't know how many Italians in two years of fighting near her home, has been quickly nicknamed by Allied soldiers stationed at a camp of Yugoslav refugees.

To the soldiers she is "Annie Oakley of Split."

Her real name is Anka, which translated means Anna, and she is one of the most colorful personalities in this tented desert camp set up as the first haven in the Middle East for war-stricken Yugoslavs.

A short, stocky youngster with curly dark hair, Anka had fought continuously with the guerrillas in the neighborhood of Split since she was 15 years old, the age she elicits from the soldiers.

Most of the other refugees also are from the Dalmatian region, and their tattered clothing and past faces bespeak the hardships of continually fighting and dodging the Germans since 1941.

They have earned the praise of relief officials as the best disciplined and most easily handled group of refugees ever to arrive in the Middle East.

The most striking point about them is their highly developed political and social consciousness, especially among the committee of five men who came along to govern the camp.

The committee members' ages range between 23 and 47 years, were allowed to leave Yugoslavia because they no longer are fit for military service.

Asked whether they were Communists, the committee members said they had never been, and they definitely were not. They predicted a post-war Yugoslav federal government made up of at least five states: Serbia, Croatia, Macedonia and Montenegro.

The chairman of the committee is a young man named Tito. One committee member named Alac showed machine-gun wounds on both arms and reported he fought near Marshal Josip Broz (Tito) in the Green Mountains battle last June when Tito's forces were encircled by seven German divisions in this fight.

Tito himself was reported wounded on the upper left arm.

Army Girls

What The C.W.A.C. Idea Is Of A Post-War Heaven

Kitchen recipes, pretty aprons and well-being predominate in the C.W.A.C. idea of a post-war heaven. Answers to a questionnaire submitted to more than 160 Corps members in Ottawa revealed that 60 per cent. of the Army girls favored domesticity in a post-war goal.

Second to the "hearts and flowers" group are those whose blazing individuality has been sublimated to the uniform. To them, peace will be wearing orgies of scarlet nail-polish, high-heeled toeless sandals and jade earrings.

Another group includes those who enlisted in the Army straight from High Schools and Colleges. Many of these young women have been taught a vocation and plan to replace their khaki shirt by a white collar.

Others merely sigh for lemon meringue, pie three times a day, steaks "THAT thick" and caramel nut sundae. The prize winner, however, came from one sleepy-eyed C.W.A.C. who said bitterly, "I'm going to visit all the music stores in Canada and smash every bugle in existence."

Fastest In World

Speed Of Mosquito Bomber Estimated At 130 Miles An Hour

Although the Mosquito's speed has never been officially made known, it is reckoned the fastest bomber in the world. A Swiss report puts its speed at 130 miles an hour, or just over seven miles a minute.

The first Mosquito beat a world's record by flying twenty-two miles after her designer began work on the drawing-board.

In January, 1943, a handful of "Mosquitoes" flew Mosquitoes nearly 200,000 miles, destroying enemy aircraft, trains, road convoys and ships. After that, Malta pilots began to have a different meaning from that of the same words used by a traveller.

Linen thread for weaving is now being produced in Brazil at experimental stations and small plantations.

It takes 43,000 acres of food to supply the workers who build one battleship.

THE CARBON CHRONICLE

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Weekly Newspapers Association
E. J. ROULEAU,
Editor and Publisher

GENERAL DRAYING—

COAL HAULING

CHAS. PATTISON

THE BETHEL BAPTIST CHURCH
IN CARBON

Sunday School 11:00 a.m.
Morning Service 12:00 a.m.
Evening Service 7:30 p.m.
OUR INVITATION: Psalm 95-6
O come, let us worship and bow down
let us kneel before the Lord our Maker
REV. E. RIEMER, pastor

FREDENTAL BAPTIST CHURCH
E. S. Fenske, Minister

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 13
Fredental Church:
10:00-11:40 a.m. Sunday School
11:00-12:00 p.m. Worship Service
Minister preaching
Zion Church:
11:00-12:00 a.m. Sunday School
12:00-1:00 p.m. Worship Service
7:30 p.m. Evangelistic Service
Minister preaching

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 16
Carbon Church:
7:30 p.m. Prayer Service
Rev. E. Riemer preaching
(Special Singing)

OUR INVITATION:
To all who mourn and need comfort—
to all who are weary and need rest—
to all who are friendly and wish
friendship—to all who pray and to all
who do not, but ought—to all who sin
and need a Saviour, and to whoever
will—these churches open wide their
doors and in the name of Jesus, the
Lord say: WELCOME!

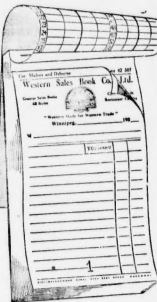
TOWN AND COUNTRY
PERSONALOGRAPHS

Dr. and Mrs. McFarlane were Calgary visitors last Thursday.

Mrs. Jolayne Milligan spent the week end in Carbon with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. Milligan.

Mrs. M. Reid and daughters, Lena and Kathleen of Calgary, were Carbon visitors Sunday.

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the Axis understands

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- THE ZOOMING OF PLANES
- THE CRACK OF RIFLES
- THE ROAR OF CANNON
- THE BURSTING OF BOMBS

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BREWING INDUSTRY OF ALBERTA

Mr. and Mrs. John Craddock and Mrs. G. Craddock spent last Thursday and Friday in Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Crossman spent the first part of the week in Calgary.

Mrs. Stan Macell of Calgary, Mrs. E. Nelson and family of Longview and Mrs. E. Basset of Three Hills spent last week visiting in Carbon at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson.

"R.B." Gablehouse had the misfortune to fracture his left arm a few days ago while playing hockey.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Martin and family of Newcastle were Carbon visitors on Tuesday.

A rink composed of Reuben Ohlhauser, Nick Sherry, Jack Johnston with A.P. McKibbin skip, and another comprising W.F. Ross, Chas. Pattison, D.R. Mackay and Len Ponson skip have entered in the Drumheller bonspiel this week.

There are also two Carbon rinks at the Shrewsbury bonspiel this week. They are Syd Canings, who Leo Halstead, I. Coates, Ted Schmidt, and Bob Van Wart, L. Newman, Jack Barber and Bill Crawford.

Don't forget the Carbon Old Timers Dance to be held in the Farmers' Exchange hall, Carbon, on Monday, February 14th.

The heaviest snow fall of the winter, about four inches, fell last Thursday, but the weather has not been severe and the mild winter weather continues to hold.

Pilot Officer Ralph Atkinson, who recently graduated from Macleod and who has spent the past week in Carbon with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Atkinson, left Tuesday for the East. Mrs. Atkinson and family accompanied him as far as Calgary.

—Our mailing list has been brought up-to-date this week. If the label on your paper does not show February, 1964 or later you are in arrears and we would appreciate an early settlement. If by any chance you have paid your arrears, but the label does not show it, kindly get in touch with this office immediately. This is important, since we have been put on a newsprint quota and may be forced to cancel all papers going out to subscribers who are three months or more in arrears.

Men, 30, 40, 50!

Want Normal Pop, Vin, Vigor?
Try Orestin Tonic Tablets. Contains potent, active ingredients to build up your system, improve your blood, and give you the energy and vitality you need for a successful life. Orestin Tonic Tablets are available in all drug stores. Price 49¢ (60 tablets) Orestin Tonic Tablets.



Dr. R. W. Smith
Director, Agricultural Department
North-West Line Elevator Association

Seasonal Farm Plan for
Insect Control

There must, we fear, always be a large measure of guess work in farm planning until we can confidently forecast weather and markets. However, we have encountered a scheme for planning tillage operations so as to discourage insect pests, and we are reprinting it in our "Seedtime and Harvest" leaflet. Copies may be obtained from Line Elevator Company grain buyers, or from the Agricultural Department, The North-West Line Elevators Association, Winnipeg.

Entomologists in Western Canada have not confined themselves to laboratory study, but have worked closely with the farmers themselves in finding methods for controlling field crop insects.

The leaflet to which we refer is a copy of a mimeographed publication of the Division of Entomology, Dominion Department of Agriculture, prepared and issued by the Saskatoon Laboratory. It is concerned with the control of grasshoppers, wireworms, cutworms and wheat stem sawfly. Emphasis is placed on the methods of tillage and timing the various operations so as to discourage the multiplication and spread of insects.

Enormous losses are suffered as a result of insect attack. In some cases, losses are attributed to other causes. For example, if stands of grain are thinned by cutworms or wireworms, weed growth is encouraged. Insect control is an important factor in fighting weeds.

Ask the local line elevator grain buyer for the leaflet, and for more detailed information, apply to the Dominion Entomological Laboratory, Lethbridge, Saskatoon or Brandon.

UNITED CHURCH OF CANADA

REV. R.R. HINCHEY, minister

CARBON:
Preaching Service 11:00 a.m.
Sunday School 12:10 p.m.
GARETT SCHOOL:
Preaching Service 3:00 p.m.
IRICANA:
Preaching Service 7:30 p.m.
ALL ARE WELCOME

—WANTED—About 300 pounds of wool stockings. Apply at The Chronicle Office.



ELEYLN GOULD
CBC Singer From Toronto

Teacher: "Who is man's noblest friend?"
Johnny: "The hot dog—it actually feeds the hand that bites it."

Guide: "This castle has stood for 600 years. Not a stone has been touched, nothing altered, nothing replaced."
Visitor: "Use, they must have the same landlord as we have."

Manager: "Didn't you read the letter I sent you?"

Office Boy: "Yes, sir, I read it inside and outside. On the inside it said, 'You are fired,' and on the outside it said, 'Return in five days,' so here I am."

I.O.D.E. NOVELTY DANCE

UNDER AUSPICES OF
The Duke of York Chapter I.O.D.E.

SCOUT HALL, CARBON — ON

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 29

• Music By The Rosebud Orchestra •
Admission, 50c per person — Lunch Provided

HELP THE
FOOD
INDUSTRY
REACH IT'S
\$2,000,000
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WAR STAMPS 25¢
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C. H. NASH

We can't all be in the front line,
but we can
Serve By Saving and Buying
War Savings Certificates

More FOOD NEEDED
As Victory Draws Nearer

As the United Nations invade the Axis-dominated countries, famished populations as well as our fighting forces must be fed. The need for food increases as victory draws nearer.



Canadian farmers are confronted with a heavy task, which may be made easier through the use of bank credit. The Bank of Montreal stands ready to make every reasonable loan which will promote an increase in food production in the world emergency.

If you need to borrow to improve your production of food, do not hesitate to talk with our nearest branch manager.

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Founded in 1817

Carbon Branch: D. R. MACKAY, Manager